## ICON Data Product LOP: MIGHTI Ancillary Products

This document describes the data product for Ancillary Products for MIGHTI Data Processing, which is in NetCDF4 format.

The MIGHTI ancillary data file contains information on the ICON observatory as well as MIGHTI specific information. This includes the poiniting, position, and velocity of the ICON observatory. It also includes information on the status of the observatory such as maneuvers, being in or out of the Earth's shadow, and calibrations. Pertinent information for the MIGHTI instrument is included such as locations and details at the MIGHTI tangent points. These files are combined with the MIGHTI Level 1 data to produce Level 2 data. For clarification, variables named 'MIGHTI\_A' are for MIGHTI-A, variables named 'MIGHTI\_B' are for MIGHTI-B, and variables named MIGHTI are either for the spacecraft or the MIGHTI instrument indicated in the file name. The TIMETABLE dimension refers to the start, middle, and end of the MIGHTI integration time. ECEF is Earth-centered, Earth-fixed reference frame. ECI is Earth-centered inertial reference frame. We use the J2000 ECI frame. LVLH is local-vertical, local-horizontial. We have two LVLH modes: normal and reverse. LVLH Normal is when the spacecraft is looking north with latitude tangent locations between ~12 S and ~42 N. LVLH Reverse is when the spacecraft is looking south with latitude tangent locations between ~42 S and ~12 N.

# **History**

Version 03, Created by MIGHTI Ancillary Processor v3.0.2 on Thu, 08 Oct 2020, 2020-10-08T16:38:25.000 UTC

### **Dimensions**

NetCDF files contain **variables** and the **dimensions** over which those variables are defined. First, the dimensions are defined, then all variables in the file are described.

The dimensions used by the variables in this file are given below, along with nominal sizes. Note that the size may vary from file to file. For example, the "Epoch" dimension, which describes the number of time samples contained in this file, will have a varying size.

Dimension Name	Nominal Size
Epoch	2119
HORIZONTAL	3
VERTICAL	3
VECTORS	3
TIMETABLE	3

# **Variables**

Variables in this file are listed below. First, "data" variables are described, followed by the "support\_data" variables, and finally the "metadata" variables. The variables classified as "ignore\_data" are not shown.

### support\_data

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
Epoch	Milliseconds since 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC at middle of measurement integration.	millisec onds	Epoch, TIMETABLE
	Number of milliseconds since 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC at the middle of the measurement integration.		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TIME_GPS	Milliseconds since 1980-01-06 00:00:00 TAI (coincident with UTC) at middle of reading.	millisec onds	Epoch
	Number of milliseconds since 1980-01-06 00:00:00 TAI at the middle of the measurement integration. Taken from L0P MIGHTI data file.		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	Date and Time in UTC format	UTC	Epoch,
TI_TIME_UTC_STRING	ISO 8601 formatted UTC timestamp (at middle of reading). E.g., 2017-05-27 00:00:00.380Z		TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	Spacecraft Position in ECEF Coordinates	km	Epoch,
TI_SC_POSITION_ECEF	Position of spacecraft in ECEF at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	Spacecraft Velocity in ECEF	m/s	Epoch,
TI_SC_VELOCITY_ECEF	Spacecraft velocity in ECEF cooridinates at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	WGS84 Latitude of Spacecraft Position (Geodetic)	degree	Epoch,
TI_LATITUDE	Geodetic Latitude of Spacecraft in WGS84 at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	S	TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	WGS84 Longitude of Spacecraft Position (Geodetic)	degree	Epoch, TIMETABLE
TI_LONGITUDE	Geodetic Longitude of Spacecraft in WGS84 at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	3	IIMEIABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_ALTITUDE	WGS84 Altitude of Spacecraft Position (Geodetic)	km	Epoch,
	Geodetic altitude of the spacecraft in WGS84 at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	North Velocity of Spacecraft	m/s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
TI_VNORTH	North component of the spacecraft velocity in WGS84 at the start, middle and end of each exposure		TIMETWOTE

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_VEAST	East Velocity of Spacecraft  East component of the spacecraft velocity in WGS84 at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	m/s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_VDOWN	Down (perpendicular to local Earth surface) velocity of Spacecraft  Down component of the spacecraft velocity in WGS84 at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	m/s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINTS_MA GNETIC_LATITUDE	Magnetic Latitude at Tangent Points  Quesi-Dipole Magnetic Latitude at the tangent points for 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners). at the start, middle, and end of each exposure. These values are obtained from passing the geodectic latitudes, longitudes, and altitudes from ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGHTI_TANGENTPOINTS_LATLONALT into apexpy Python module. For details on apexpy see: https://apexpy.readthedocs.org/	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINTS_MA GNETIC_LONGITUDE	Magnetic Longitude at Tangent Points  Quesi-Dipole Magnetic Longitude at the tangent points for 9 points that define the center & outside edges (side and corners).at the start, middle, and end of each exposure. These values are obtained from passing the geodectic latitudes, longitudes, and altitudes from ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGHTI_TANGENTPOINTS_LATLONALT into apexpy Python module.For details on apexpy see: https://apexpy.readthedocs.org/	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_SC_SZA	Spacecraft Solar Zenith Angle  Solar zenith angle at the spacecraft at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_LST	Local Solar Time  Local solar time at the spacecraft at the start, middle, and end of each exposure	hours, decimal	Epoch, TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_SC_XHAT	Spacecraft X-unit Vector in ECEF Components (Ram Direction)  Unit vector in ECEF for the spacecraft x-axis (nominal Ram direction) at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_SC_YHAT	Spacecraft Y-unit Vector in ECEF Components (Starboard Direction)  Unit vector in ECEF for the spacecraft y-axis (nominal Starboard direction) at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_SC_ZHAT	Spacecraft Z-unit Vector in ECEF Components (Nadir Direction)	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS
	Unit vector in ECEF for the spacecraft z-axis (nominal Nadir direction) at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH FI_SUN_STATUS	Spacecraft Sun/Shadow Status Code	binary	Epoch, TIMETABLE
	Spacecraft sun/shadow status code (1 = shadow, 0 = sun) at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH FI_ORBIT_NUMBER	Orbit Number	integer	Epoch, TIMETABLE
	Integer Orbit Number at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH FI_SLEW_STATUS  ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH FI_TANGENTPOINTS_LA	MIGHTI Attitude System Status Code  Binary Coded Integer where  1: LVLH Normal Mode  2: LVLH Reverse Mode  4: Earth Limb Pointing  8: Inertial Pointing  16: Stellar Pointing  32: Attitude Slew  64: Conjugate Maneuver  128: Nadir Calibration  256: Lunar Calibration  512: Stellar Calibration  1024: Zero Wind Calibration  2048-32768: SPARE  Tangent Locations in WGS84 (Latitude, Longitude, Altitude)  Latitude, longitude and altitude in WGS84 of tangent points for	binary	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS, VERTICAL,
	9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINTS_EC EF	Tangent Locations in ECEF  Locations in ECEF of tangent points for 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	km	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINTS_SZ A	Tangent Points Solar Zenith Angle  Solar zenith angle at the tangent points for the 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINTS_LO S_COROTATION	Tangent Points LOS Corotation Velocity  Corotaion velocity at the tangent points projection into the line of sight for the 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	m/s	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_SC_LOS_VELOCITY	Spacecraft LOS Velocity in ECI  Spacecraft velocity in ECI, J2000, projected into the line of sight for 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	m/s	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_FOV_UNITVECTORS_ ECEF	FOV Unit Vectors in ECEF  Unit look vectors in ECEF for the 9 look directions that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi ons	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINT_DIS TANCE	Distance to Tangent Points  Line of sight distance to the tangent points for the 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	km	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_HORIZONTAL_BORES IGHT_SUN_ANGLE	Horizontal Boresight to Sun Angle  Angle between the Sun and the image horizontal direction (perpendicular to the boresight) at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_VERTICAL_BORESIG HT_SUN_ANGLE	Vertical Boresight to Sun Angle  Angle between the Sun and the image vertical direction (prependicular to the boresight) at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TOTAL_BORESIGHT_ SUN_ANGLE	Total Boresight to Sun Angle  Magitude of the angle between the Sun and the boresight of the instrument at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_FOV_AZIMUTH_ANGL E	FOV Celestial Azimuth  Celestial Azimuth angle for the 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL

Description	Units	Dimensions
Space Environment Region Status	binary	Epoch
Standarized for several missions, not all codes are relevant to		
ICON. Binary Coded Integer where		
1: Earth Shadow		
2: Lunar Shadow		
4: Atmospheric Absorption Zone		
8: South Atlantic Anomaly		
16: Northern Auroral Zone		
32: Southern Auroral Zone		
64: Periapsis Passage		
128: Inner & Outer Radiation Belts		
256: Deep Plasma Sphere		
512: Foreshock Solar Wind		
1024: Solar Wind Beam		
2048: High Magnetic Field		
_		
134217726. Conjugate Observation		
MIGHTI-A Status	binary	Epoch
Binary Coded Integer for view status of MIGHTI-A where		
1: Earth Day View		
2: Earth Night View		
4: Calibration Target View		
8: Off-target View		
16: Sun Proximity View		
32: Moon Proximity View		
64: North Magnetic Footpoint View		
128: South Magnetic Footpoint View		
256: Science Data Collection View		
512: Calibration Data Collection View		
1024: RAM Proximity View		
2048-32768: SPARE		
		1
Activity is what the spacecraft was commanded to do while		
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Activity is what the spacecraft was commanded to do while status is the spacecraft's natural state of operations. This means that activity should always be used over status if they		
	Space Environment Region Status  Standarized for several missions, not all codes are relevant to ICON. Binary Coded Integer where  1: Earth Shadow  2: Lunar Shadow  4: Atmospheric Absorption Zone  8: South Atlantic Anomaly  16: Northern Auroral Zone  32: Southern Auroral Zone  32: Southern Auroral Zone  64: Periapsis Passage  128: Inner & Outer Radiation Belts  256: Deep Plasma Sphere  512: Foreshock Solar Wind  1024: Solar Wind Beam  2048: High Magnetic Field  4096: Average Plasma Sheet  8192: Bowshock Crossing  16384: Magnetopause Crossing  32768: Ground Based Observatories  65536: 2-Day Conjunctions  131072: 4-Day Conjunctions  262144: Time Based Conjunctions  262148: Radial Distance Region 1  1048876: Orbit Outbound  2097152: Orbit Inbound  4194304: Lunar Wake  8388608: Magnetotail  16777216: Magnetosheath  33554432: Science  67108864: Low Magnetic Latitude  134217728: Conjugate Observation  MIGHTI-A Status  Binary Coded Integer for view status of MIGHTI-A where  1: Earth Day View  2: Earth Night View  4: Calibration Target View  8: Off-target View  16: Sun Proximity View  44: North Magnetic Footpoint View  128: South Magnetic Footpoint View  1294: RAM Proximity View  1024: RAM Proximity View	Space Environment Region Status  Standarized for several missions, not all codes are relevant to ICON. Binary Coded Integer where  1: Earth Shadow  2: Lunar Shadow  4: Atmospheric Absorption Zone  8: South Atlantic Anomaly  16: Northern Auroral Zone  32: Southern Auroral Zone  32: Southern Auroral Zone  64: Periapsis Passage  128: Inner & Outer Radiation Belts  256: Deep Plasma Sphere  512: Foreshock Solar Wind  1024: Solar Wind Beam  2048: High Magnetic Field  4096: Average Plasma Sheet  8192: Bowshock Crossing  32768: Ground Based Observatories  65536: 2-Day Conjunctions  131072: 4-Day Conjunctions  262144: Time Based Conjunctions  262428: Radial Distance Region 1  1048576: Orbit Outbound  2097152: Orbit Inbound  4194304: Lunar Wake  8388608: Magnetotail  16777216: Magnetosheath  33554432: Science  67108864: Low Magnetic Latitude  134217728: Conjugate Observation  MIGHTI-A Status  binary  binary  binary  Coded Integer for view status of MIGHTI-A where  1: Earth Day View  2: Earth Night View  4: Calibration Target View  8: Off-target View  16: Sun Proximity View  32: Moon Proximity View  43: Moon Proximity View  128: South Magnetic Footpoint View  128: South Magnetic Footpoint View  128: South Magnetic Footpoint View  152: Calibration Data Collection View  153: Calibration Data Collection View  154: Calibration Data Collection View  155: Calibration Data Collection View  155: Calibration Data Collection View  156: Calibration Data Collection View  157: Calibration Data Collection View  158: Calibration Data Collection View

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_B_STATUS	MIGHTI-B Status	binary	Epoch
11_B_STATUS	Binary Coded Integer for view status of MIGHTI-B where		
	1: Earth Day View		
	2: Earth Night View		
	4: Calibration Target View		
	8: Off-target View		
	16: Sun Proximity View		
	32: Moon Proximity View		
	64: North Magnetic Footpoint View		
	128: South Magnetic Footpoint View		
	256: Science Data Collection View		
	512: Calibration Data Collection View		
	1024: RAM Proximity View		
	2048-32768: SPARE		
	2040 32700. OF AILE		
	Activity is what the spacecraft was commanded to do while		
	status is the spacecraft's natural state of operations. This		
	means that activity should always be used over status if they		
	differ, but will almost always be the same.		
	amor, but will almost always be the same.		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	MIGHTI-A Activity	binary	Epoch
TI_A_ACTIVITY			
	Binary Coded Integer for activity in MIGHTI-A where		
	1: Earth Day Activity		
	2: Earth Night Activity		
	4: Calibration Target Activity		
	8: Off-target Activity		
	16: Sun Proximity Activity		
	32: Moon Proximity Activity		
	64: North Magnetic Footpoint Activity		
	128: South Magnetic Footpoint Activity		
	256: Science Data Collection Activity		
	512: Calibration Data Collection Activity		
	1024: RAM Proximity Activity		
	2048-32768: SPARE		
	Activity is what the spacecraft was commanded to do while		
	status is the spacecraft's natural state of operations. This		
	means that activity should always be used over status if they		
	differ, but will almost always be the same.		

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_B_ACTIVITY	MIGHTI-B Activity  Binary Coded Integer for activity in MIGHTI-B where  1: Earth Day Activity  2: Earth Night Activity  4: Calibration Target Activity  8: Off-target Activity  16: Sun Proximity Activity  32: Moon Proximity Activity  64: North Magnetic Footpoint Activity  128: South Magnetic Footpoint Activity  128: Science Data Collection Activity  512: Calibration Data Collection Activity  1024: RAM Proximity Activity  2048-32768: SPARE  Activity is what the spacecraft was commanded to do while status is the spacecraft's natural state of operations. This means that activity should always be used over status if they	binary	Epoch
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_HORIZONTAL_BORES IGHT_ECEF	differ, but will almost always be the same.  Horizontal Boresight in ECEF  Unit look vector for the image horizontal direction (perpendicular to the boresight) in ECEF at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_VERTICAL_BORESIG HT_ECEF	Vertical Boresight in ECEF  Unit look vector for the image vertical direction (perpendicular to the boresight) in ECEF at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_BORESIGHT_ECEF	Boresight in ECEF  Unit vector of the nominal boresight (center of instrument FOV) in ECEF at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_HORIZONTAL_BORES IGHT_ECI	Horizontal Boresight in ECI  Unit look vector for the image horizontal direction (perpendicular to the boresight) in ECI, J2000, at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_VERTICAL_BORESIG HT_ECI	Vertical Boresight in ECI  Unit look vector for the image vertical direction (perpendicular to the boresight) in ECI, J2000, at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_BORESIGHT_ECI	Boresight in ECI  Unit vector of the nominal boresight (center of instrument FOV) in ECI, J2000, at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	dimensi onless	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VECTORS

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_EARTH_SHADOW_TRA NSITION_SECONDS	Number of Seconds Since Transitioning From Shadow to Sun.	second s	Epoch, TIMETABLE
	Number of seconds since the last spacecraft transition from Earth's shadow into sunlight has occured at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_INSTRUMENT_STATU	Instrument Calibration Status Code  Binary Coded Integer for Instrument Calibration Status where	binary	Epoch
S	1: MIGHTI A/B Red Lamp Calibration 2: MIGHTI A/B Green Lamp Calibration 4: MIGHTI A Stellar Calibration		
	8: MIGHTI B Stellar Calibration 16: MIGHTI A Zero Wind Calibration 32: MIGHTI B Zero Wind Calibration 64: FUV Lamp Calibration		
	128: FUV Stellar Calibration 256: EUV Lunar Calibration 512: FUV Nadir Flat Field Calibration 1024: EUV Nadir Flat Field Calibration 2048-32768: SPARE		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_A_RADIATOR_TEMPE RATURE	MIGHTI-A Radiator Temperature  Temperature of MIGHTI-A radiator as reported by the	degree s Celsius	Epoch
	spacecraft housekeeping		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_B_RADIATOR_TEMPE RATURE	MIGHTI-B Radiator Temperature  Temperature of MIGHTI-B radiator as reported by the	degree s Celsius	Epoch
	spacecraft housekeeping		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_CAMEL_TEMPERATUR E	MIGHTI Camera Electronics Temperature  Temperature of MIGHTI camera electronics as reported by the spacecraft housekeeping	degree s Celsius	Epoch
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_SC_VOLTAGE	Spacecraft Bus Voltage	Volts	Epoch
	Spacecraft bus voltage as reported by the spacecraft housekeeping		
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINT_SCA	Solar Scattering Angle of Tangent Points	degree s	Epoch, TIMETABLE,
TTERING_ANGLE	Angle between the (1) a vector from the Sun to the tangent point(s) and (2) a vector from the spacecraft to the tangent point(s). Found for the 9 points that define the center & outside edges (sides and corners) of the field of view at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.		VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI_TANGENTPOINTS_LS T	Tangent Points Local Solar Time  Local solar time at the tangent points for the 9 points that define	hours, decimal	Epoch, TIMETABLE, VERTICAL,

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH TI JITTER	Jitter Around Middle Time	degree	Epoch
	On the basis of the ECEF quaternion ephemeris, a 60-second window is found. Over that window a linear fit of the corrsponding Eular angles is found. A residual between the actual values and linear fit is calculated. The standard deviation		
	of that residual is reported as the jitter. The closest ephemeris time to the MIGHTI middle time is used in this variable.		

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	Quality Flag	binary	Epoch
I_QUALITY_FLAG			
	Binary Coded Integer where		
	1: STATE_NO_DATA		
	2: STATE_UNCONVERGED		
	4: STATE_LOW		
	8: STATE_MED		
	16: STATE_HIGH		
	32: AD_NO_DATA		
	64: AD_DIVERGING		
	128: AD_NOT_STARTED		
	256: AD_CONVERGING		
	512: AD_COARSE_CONVERGED		
	1024: AD_FINE_CONVERGED		
	2048-32768: SPARE		
	STATE_NO_DATA: No telemetry available for this time period.		
	States are propagated from the last valid solution.		
	STATE_UNCONVERGED: The GOODS KF solution is		
	unconverged and should not be used. States are propagated		
	from the last valid solution.		
	STATE_LOW: The GPSR solution is better than the GOODS		
	_		
	solution (The position accuracy is worse than 150 m, 1-sigma)		
	STATE_MEDIUM: The GOODS solution is better than the		
	GPSR solution (The position accuracy is better than 150 m,		
	1-sigma)		
	STATE_HIGH: The GOODS solution is better than the GPSR		
	solution, and meets its performance requirements (20 m		
	position and 0.02 m/sec velocity, 1-sigma).		
	AD_NO_DATA: No telemetry available for this time period.		
	Attitude is copied from the last valid solution.		
	AD_DIVERGING: Tolerances on the diagonal elements of the		
	covariance matrix diverging and exceeds 9.9e9 asec^2 for		
	attitude sigma and 9.9e9 asec^2/sec^2 for rate sigma or		
	negative values		
	AD_NOT_STARTED: KF has not started processing		
	measurements		
	AD_CONVERGING: KF is in state of updating measurements		
	and filter started to converge		
	AD_COARSE_CONVERGED: Tolerances on the diagonal		
	elements of the covariance matrix converging and below 200K		
	asec^2 for x, y and 1000K for z in tracker frame for attitude and		
	10 asec^2/sec^2 for x, y and z for rate		
	AD_FINE_CONVERGED: Tolerances on the diagonal elements		
	of the covariance matrix converging and below 1000 asec^2 for		
	x, y and z in tracker frame for attitude and 1 asec^2/sec^2 x, y		
	and z for rate		
	Nominal value of 1040: STATE_HIGH (16) and		
	AD_FINE_CONVERGED (1024). All values are a combination		
	of a STATE value and an AD (attitude determination) value. It is		
	up to the user to determine if data outside 1040 is usable. AD		
	values NOT AD_FINE_CONVERGED should be suspect.		
	STATE_HIGH is expected, but STATE_MED is possible during		
	is possible during		

Variable Name	Description	Units	Dimensions
ICON_ANCILLARY_MIGH	Total Boresight to Moon Angle	degree	Epoch,
TI_TOTAL_BORESIGHT_ MOON_ANGLE	Magitude of the angle between the Moon and the boresight for the instrument at the start, middle, and end of each exposure.	S	TIMETABLE

#### **Acknowledgement**

This is a data product from the NASA Ionospheric Connection Explorer mission, an Explorer launched at 21:59:45 EDT on October 10, 2019. Guidelines for the use of this product are described in the ICON Rules of the Road (https://icon.ssl.berkeley.edu/Data)

Responsibility for the mission science falls to the Principal Investigator, Dr. Thomas Immel at UC Berkeley: Immel, T.J., England, S.L., Mende, S.B. et al. Space Sci Rev (2018) 214: 13. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0449-2

Responsibility for the validation of the L1 data products falls to the instrument lead investigators/scientists.

- \* EUV: Dr. Eric Korpela: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0384-2
- \* FUV: Dr. Harald Frey: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0386-0
- \* MIGHTI: Dr. Christoph Englert : https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0358-4, and https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0374-4
- \* IVM: Dr. Roderick Heelis: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0383-3

Responsibility for the validation of the L2 data products falls to those scientists responsible for those products.

- \* Daytime O and N2 profiles: Dr. Andrew Stephan: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-018-0477-6
- \* Daytime (EUV) O+ profiles: Dr. Andrew Stephan: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0385-1
- \* Nighttime (FUV) O+ profiles: Dr. Farzad Kamalabadi : https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-018-0502-9
- \* Neutral Wind profiles: Dr. Jonathan Makela: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0359-3
- \* Neutral Temperature profiles: Dr. Christoph Englert: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0434-9
- \* Ion Velocity Measurements: Dr. Russell Stoneback: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0383-3

Responsibility for Level 4 products falls to those scientists responsible for those products.

- \* Hough Modes: Dr. Chihoko Yamashita: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0401-5
- \* TIEGCM: Dr. Astrid Maute: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0330-3
- \* SAMI3 : Dr. Joseph Huba : https://doi.org/10.1007/s11214-017-0415-z

Pre-production versions of all above papers are available on the ICON website.

Overall validation of the products is overseen by the ICON Project Scientist, Dr. Scott England.

NASA oversight for all products is provided by the Mission Scientist, Dr. Jeffrey Klenzing.

Users of these data should contact and acknowledge the Principal Investigator Dr. Immel and the party directly responsible for the data product (noted above) and acknowledge NASA funding for the collection of the data used in the research with the following statement: "ICON is supported by NASA's Explorers Program through contracts NNG12FA45C and NNG12FA42I"

These data are openly available as described in the ICON Data Management Plan available on the ICON website (http://icon.ssl.berkeley.edu/Data).

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